

# IBPS CLERK PRE - MODEL PAPER

## (ENGLISH LANGUAGE)

**Directions:** In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. Against each number, five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.

After ten years of (\_\_14\_\_) inflation, prices have spiked 7.5% in the third week of July. This looks scary after all, Indians had got used to prices crawling up by 2% in the last two years, and a 10year average inflation rate of about 5%but you shouldn't worry. This burst of inflation is the result of three factors that have come together unexpectedly, are unlikely to (\_\_15\_\_) for long and are unlikely to (\_\_16\_\_) up together again A (\_\_17\_\_) rise in global oil prices, a monsoon that arrived late and a spike in global metal prices. North Sea crude has crossed \$42 per barrel, driven up by low petroleum (\_\_18\_\_) and soaring demand In the US as war production heats up. Oil markets are also spooked by the (\_\_19\_\_) of Russian oil supplies falling on the back of the Yukos-Sibneft probe. There's little that the government can do to (\_\_20\_\_) users from soaring oil prices indeed, it shouldn't, if it wants to (\_\_21\_\_) efficiency. Higher transport costs have pushed up rates of vegetables and fruits farm produce could also get affected by rains that arrived too late for kharif sowing. China is (\_\_22\_\_) up steel and other metals from all over the world to (\_\_23\_\_) a construction boom ahead of the 2008 Olympics, making metal prices soar all over the world, and sparking inflation in India.

### **Q1.**

14.

- (a) mere
- (b) moderate
- (c) retarding
- (d) vehement
- (e) dull

### **Q2.**

15.

- (a) obstinate
- (b) constitute
- (c) persist
- (d) repeat
- (e) normalize

### **Q3.**

16.

- (a) go

- (b) scramble
- (c) mount
- (d) yield
- (e) crop

### **Q4.**

17.

- (a) sustained
- (b) suspicious
- (c) horrific
- (d) erratic
- (e) favourable

### **Q5.**

18.

- (a) lists
- (b) trades
- (c) services
- (d) inventories
- (e) details

### **Q6.**

19.

- (a) prospect
- (b) progress
- (c) view
- (d) extent
- (e) deposit

### **Q7.**

20.

- (a) support
- (b) ignore
- (c) propel
- (d) prolong
- (e) Insulate

### **Q8.**

21.

- (a) position
- (b) promote
- (c) process
- (d) pass
- (e) form

### **Q9.**

22.

- (a) hurrying
- (b) passing
- (c) pairing
- (d) (gobbling)
- (e) throwing

### **Q10.**

23.  
(a) keep  
(b) make  
(c) feed  
(d) grow  
(e) fight

**Q11.**

As you know(1)/by my visiting card(2)/ I am now(3)/  
in Mumbai(4)/ No error(5)

- (a) As you know  
(b) by my visiting card  
(c) I am now  
(d) in Mumbai  
(e) No error

**Q12.**

With a fresh coat(1)/ of paint(2)/ the school can(3)/  
look much nice(4)/ No error(5)

- (a) With a fresh coat  
(b) of paint  
(c) the school can  
(d) look much nice  
(e) No error

**Q13.**

I asked the salesman(1)/ If I Could exchange(2)/ the  
faulty camera(3)/ with another one(4)/ No error(5)

- (a) I asked the salesman  
(b) If I Could exchange  
(c) the faulty camera  
(d) with another one  
(e) No error

**Q14.**

I took me(1)/ almost a hour(2)/ to fill the(3)/  
application form(4)/ No error(5)

- (a) I took me  
(b) almost a hour  
(c) to fill the  
(d) application form  
(e) No error

**Q15.**

She insists (1)/ you stay(2)/ until her husband(3)/  
comes home(4)/ No error(5)

- (a) She insists  
(b) you stay  
(c) until her husband  
(d) comes home  
(e) No error

**Q16.**

I don't understand 1) / how she could(2)/ treat him(3)/  
so bad(4)/ No error(5)

- (a) I don't understand  
(b) how she could  
(c) treat him  
(d) so bad  
(e) No error

**Q17.**

At any arrival (1)/ in Delhi (2)/ I went straight (3)/ to  
the nearest hospital (4)/No error(5)

- (a) At any arrival  
(b) in Delhi  
(c) I went straight  
(d) to the nearest hospital  
(e) No error

**Directions : Rearrange the following five sentences  
(A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) In the proper sequence so  
as to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the  
questions given below them.**

(A) The basic justification of this scrutiny is to divest  
unrestricted investments from certain low priority area.

(B) The Govt. has decided in principle to throw open to  
the private sector which is reserved for the unrestricted  
sector.

(C) Only those industries are proposed to be reserved  
for the unrestricted sector, which fall In the high  
priority areas.

(D) In addition, the government is also occupied in an  
analysis of the existing range of unrestricted  
investment.

(E) This will enable the government to abolish the  
monopoly of any sector in the field of public services  
except these priority sectors.

**Q18.**

Which sentence should come **LAST** in the paragraph ?

- (a) A  
(b) B  
(c) C  
(d) D  
(e) E

**Q19.**

Which sentence should come **THIRD** in the paragraph ?

- (a) A  
(b) B  
(c) C  
(d) D  
(e) E

**Q20.**

Which sentence should come **FOURTH** in the paragraph  
?

- (a)A
- (b)B
- (c)C
- (d)D
- (e)E

**Q21.**

Which sentence should come **FIRST** in the paragraph ?

- (a)A
- (b)B
- (c)C
- (d)D
- (e)E

**Q22.**

Which sentence should come **SECOND** in the paragraph ?

- (a)A
- (b)B
- (c)C
- (d)D
- (e)E

**Direction: Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words phrases are printed in bold to help you locate them while answering those questions.**

At one time it would have been impossible to imagine the integration of different religious thoughts, ideas and ideals. That is because of the closed society, the lack of any communication or interdependence on other nations. People were happy and content amongst themselves; they did not need any more. The physical distance and cultural barriers prevented any exchange of thought and beliefs. But such is not the case today. Today, the world has become a much smaller place, thanks to the adventures and miracles of science. Foreign nations have become our next-door neighbors. Mingling of population is bringing about an interchange of thought. We are slowly realizing that the world is a single cooperative group<sup>1</sup>. Other religions have become forces with which we have to reckon and we are seeking for ways and means by which we can live together in peace and harmony. We cannot have religious unity and peace so long as we assert that we are in possession of the light and all others are grouping in the darkness. That very assertion is a challenge to a fight. The political ideal of the world is not so much a single empire with a homogeneous, Civilization and single communal will a brotherhood of free nations differing profoundly in life and mind, habits and institutions, existing side by side in peace and order, harmony and cooperation and each contributing to the world its own unique and specific best, which is irreducible to , the terms of the others.

The cosmopolitanism of the eighteenth century, and the nationalism of , the nineteenth are combined in our ideal of a world commonwealth, which allows every branch of the human family to find freedom, security and self-realization in the larger life of man , kind. I see no hope for the religious future of the world, if this ideal is not extended to the religious, sphere also?, When two or three different systems claim that they contain the revelation of the very core and center of truth and the acceptance of it is the exclusive pathway to heaven, conflicts are inevitable. In such conflicts one religion will not, allow others to steal a march over it and no one can gain ascendancy until the world is reduced to dust and ashes. To obliterate every other religion than, ones is a sort of Bolshevism in religion which we must try to prevent. We can do so only if we accept something like the Indian solution, which seeks the unity of religion not in a common creed but in a common quest. Let us believe in a unity of spirit and not of organization, a unity which secures ample liberty not only for every individual but for every type of organized life which has proved itself effective. For almost all historical forms of life and thought can claim the sanction of experience and so the authority of God. The world would be a much poorer thing if one creed absorbed the rest. God wills a rich harmony and not a colorless uniformity. The comprehensive and synthetic spirit of Indianism had made it a mighty forest with a thousand waving aims each fulfilling its function and all directed by the spirit of God. Each thing in its place and all associated in the divine concert making with their various voices and even dissonance, as Heraclitus would say, the most exquisite harmony should be our ideal.

**Q23.**

According to the passage, religious unity and peace can be obtained if

- (a)We believe that the world is a single cooperative group
- (b)We do not assert that we alone are in possession of the real knowledge
- (c)We believe in a unity of spirit and not of organization.
- (d) We believe that truth does matter and will prevail
- (e) None of these

**Q24.**

Which of the following, according to the passage, is the Indian solution ? Unity of religions in a common

- (a) Belief
- (b) Organization
- (c) Creed
- (d) Search

(e) None of these

**Q25.**

According to the author, which of the following is **NOT TRUE** ?

- (a) Acceptance of Indianism is the exclusive pathway to heaven
- (b) We should not assert that other religions have no definite pathway or goal
- (c) God wants a genuine similarity in thoughts, ideals and values rather than an artificial appearance
- (d) People interacting with each other is bringing about a change in their attitude.
- (e) None of these

**Q26.**

According to the passage, the political ideal of the contemporary world is to create a single empire with a homogeneous civilization

- (a) foster the unity of all the religions of the world
- (b) create a world common wealth preserving religious diversity of all the nations
- (c) create brotherhood of free nations who believe in one religion
- (d) None of these.
- (e) All of these

**Q27.**

According to the passage, the world would be a much poorer thing if

- (a) one religion swallows all other religions
- (b) one religion accepts the supremacy of other religions
- (c) religions adopt toleration as a principle of spiritual life
- (d) we do not achieve the ideal of brotherhood of free nations
- (e) None of these

**Q28.**

Which of the following statements is/are stated or implied in the above passage ?

- (A) People today are happy and content amongst themselves.
- (B) There is no freedom and security in the religious sphere in the world today.
- (C) Indianism is directed by the spirit of God.
- (a) Only (A) & (C)
- (b) Only (B)
- (c) Only (C)
- (d) Only (A)
- (e) None of these

**Q29.**

According to the passage, what is Bolshevism in the religion ?

- (a) To ridicule the views sincerely held by others
- (b) To accept others religious beliefs and doctrines as authentic as ours
- (c) To adhere to rigid dogmatism in religion
- (d) To make change in a religion so that it becomes more acceptable
- (e) None of these

**Q30.**

According to the passage, the conflict of religions is inevitable mainly because each religion

- (a) believes that anyone who disagrees with it ought to be silenced
- (b) wants to steal a march over others
- (c) claims to possess a complete and exclusive understanding of truth
- (d) believes that the view held strongly by many need not be a correct view
- (e) None of these

**(REASONING ABILITY)**

**Q31.**

Town D is to the West of town M. Town R is to the South of town D. Town K is to the East of town R. Town K is towards which direction of town D ?

- (a) South
- (b) East
- (c) NorthEast
- (d) SouthEast
- (e) None of these

**Q32.**

Nikhil walked 30 metres towards East took a left turn and walked 20 metres. He again took a left turn and walked 30 metres. How far and in which direction is he from his starting point ?

- (a) 20 metres North.
- (b) 80 metres North
- (c) 20 metres South
- (d) 80 metres South
- (e) Data inadequate

**Q33.**

**Directions:** In these questions, relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. The statements are followed by conclusions. Study the conclusions based on the given statements and select the appropriate answer.

**Statements:**

$D = Q, Q > L, L \geq B, B < G$

**Conclusions:**

I.  $D > B$

II.  $B = D$

III.  $G > L$

(a) Either I or II only

(b) I and II only

(c) I only

(d) II and III only

(e) None is true

**Q34.**

**Directions:** In these questions, relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. The statements are followed by conclusions. Study the conclusions based on the given statements and select the appropriate answer.

**Statements:**

$Z > Y, Y < K, K \leq M, M > T$

**Conclusions:**

I.  $Z > M$

II.  $Y > T$

III.  $Z < K$

(a) I only

(b) II and III only

(c) Either I or III only

(d) All I, II and III

(e) None is true

**Q35.**

**Directions:** In these questions, relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. The statements are followed by conclusions. Study the conclusions based on the given statements and select the appropriate answer.

**Statements:**

$P < M, M \leq R, R = T, T < L$

**Conclusions:**

I.  $P < R$

II.  $P = R$

III.  $M \leq L$

(a) I only

(b) Either I or II only

(c) III only

(d) All I, II and III

(e) None is true

**Q36.**

**Directions:** In these questions, relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. The statements are followed by conclusions. Study the conclusions based on the given statements and select the appropriate answer.

**Statements:**

$F > H, M \leq H, M \geq R, G = M$

**Conclusions:**

I.  $F \geq R$

II.  $F > R$

III.  $H \geq G$

(a) II and III only

(b) II only

(c) III only

(d) III and either I or II

(e) None is true

**Q37.**

**Directions:** In these questions, relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. The statements are followed by conclusions. Study the conclusions based on the given statements and select the appropriate answer.

**Statements:**

$K > T, T < D, D = F, F \leq G$

**Conclusions:**

I.  $G > K$

II.  $G = T$

III.  $G > T$

(a) I and II only

(b) II and III only

(c) Either II or III only

(d) III only

(e) None is true

**Q38.**

**Direction:** In each question below are given some **statements** followed by **conclusions**. You have to take the given **statements** to be true and find which of the given **conclusions logically follow**.

**Statements:**

All players are spectators.

Some spectators are theatres.

Some theatres are dramas.

**Conclusions:**

I. Some dramas are spectators.

II. Some players are dramas.

III. Some theatres are players.

IV. All spectators are players.

(a) Only II follows

(b) None follows

(c) Only II and IV follow

(d) Only I and III follow

(e) All follow

**Q39.**

**Direction:** In each question below are given some **statements** followed by **conclusions**. You have to take

the given **statements** to be true and find which of the given **conclusions logically follow**.

**Statements:**

Some buckets are waters.'

All waters are papers.

Some papers are woods.

**Conclusions:**

I. Some woods are waters.

II. Some buckets are woods

III. Some papers are buckets. .

IV. Some woods are buckets. .

(a) None follows

(b) Only II follows

(c) Only III follows

(d) Only IV follows

(e) Only II, III and IV follow

**Q40.**

**Direction:** In each question below are given some **statements** followed by **conclusions**. You have to take the given **statements** to be true and find which of the given **conclusions logically follow**.

**Statements:**

Some rings are phones.

Some phones are computers.

Some computers are stations.

**Conclusions:**

I. Some stations are rings.

II. Some phones are stations,

III. Some computers are rings.

IV. All rings are stations.

(a) None follows

(b) Only I and II follow.

(c) Only I, II and III follow

(d) Only II and III follow

(e) All follow

**Q41.**

**Direction:** In each question below are given some **statements** followed by **conclusions**. You have to take the given **statements** to be true and find which of the given **conclusions logically follow**.

**Statements:**

All leaves are inks,

NO ink is brush.

All cakes are brushes.

**Conclusions:**

I. Some cakes are leaves

II. Some Inks are cakes.

III. Some inks are leaves.

IV. Some cakes are brushes

(a) All follow

(b) Only I and II follow

(c) Only II and III follow

(d) Only III and IV follow

(e) None of these

**Q42.**

**Direction:** In each question below are given some **statements** followed by **conclusions**. You have to take the given **statements** to be true and find which of the given **conclusions logically follow**.

**Statements :**

All needles are threads.

All threads are boxes.

All trees are boxes.

**Conclusions:**

I. No needle is tree.

II. Some trees are threads.

III. Some boxes are needles.

IV. Some trees are needles. .

(a) Only either I or IV follows

(b) Only either I or IV and II follow

(c) Only III follows

(d) None follows

(e) Only either I or IV and III follow

**Directions :** Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below

A, B, C, D, E, F and G are seven persons who travel to office everyday by a particular train which stops at five stations—I, II, III, IV and V respectively after it leaves base station. Three among them get in the train at the base station. D gets down at the next station at which F gets down. B does not get down either with A or E. G alone gets in at station III and gets down with C after one station. A travels between only two stations and gets down at station V. None of them gets in at station II. C gets in with F but does not get in with either B or D. E gets in with two others and gets down alone after D. B and D work in the same office and they get down together at station III. None of them gets down at station I.

**Q43.**

At which station does E get down?

(a) II

(b) III

(c) IV

(d) Data inadequate

(e) None of these

**Q44.**

At which station do C and F get in?

(a) I

(b) II

(c) III

(d) Data inadequate

(e) None of these

**Q45.**

At which of the following stations do B and D get in ?

(a) 1

(b) Base station

(c) III

(d) Data inadequate

(e) None of these

**Q46.**

After how many stations does E get down ?

(a) One

(b) Two

(c) Three

(d) Four

(e) Five

**Q47.**

E gets down after how many stations at which F gets down ?

(a) Next station

(b) Two

(c) Three

(d) Four

(e) None of these

**Directions :** Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below

P, Q, R, S, T and M are six students of a school, one each studies in Class I-VI. Each of them has a favourite colour from red, black, blue, yellow, pink and green, not necessarily in the same order.

Q likes black and does not study in Class IV or V. The one who studies in class IV does not like green. P studies in class II. M likes blue and does not study in class IV. The one who likes yellow studies in class VI. S likes pink and studies in class I. R does not study in class VI.

**Q48.**

In which class does R study ?

(a) V

(b) III

(c) IV

(d) Data inadequate

(e) None of these

**Q49.**

Which colour does R like ?

(a) Black

(b) Yellow

(c) Green

(d) Blue

(e) None of these

**Q50.**

Which colour does P like ?

(a) Green

(b) Yellow

(c) Red

(d) Data inadequate

(e) None of these

**Q51.**

Which of the following combinations is correct ?

(a) P-II-Yellow

(b) Q - III - Green

(c) S - I - Black

(d) T - V - Yellow

(e) None of these

**Q52.**

In which class does M study ?

(a) IV

(b) III

(c) II

(d) V

(e) None of these

**Directions :** Study the Following information carefully and answer the questions.

A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting around a circle, facing the centre. A sits fourth to the right of H while second to the left of F. C is not the neighbor of F and B. D sits third to the right of C. H never sits next to G

**Q53.**

Who amongst the following sits between B and D?

(a) G

(b) F

(c) H

(d) A

(e) C

**Q54.**

Which of the following pairs sit between H and G?

(a) BH

(b) EF

(c) CE

(d) DB

(e) None of these

**Q55.**

Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on their positions in the seating arrangement and so form the group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?

(a) AE

- (b) HF
- (c) BD
- (d) GE CH
- (e) None of these

**Q56.**

Who is to immediate right of A?

- (a) C
- (b) D
- (c) G
- (d) Data inadequate
- (e) None of these

**Q57.**

Who sits second to the right of B?

- (a) A
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) None of these

**Directions - Study the following information to answer the given questions:**

Twelve people are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people each, in such a way that there is an equal distance between adjacent persons. In row1 P, Q, R, S, T and V are seated and all of them are facing South. In row2 A, B, C, D, E and F are seated and all of them are facing North. Therefore, in the given seating arrangement each member seated in a row faces another member of the other row.

S sits third to right of Q. Either S or Q sits at an extreme end of the line. The one who faces Q sits second to right of E. Two people sit between B and F. Neither B nor F sits at an extreme end of the line. The immediate neighbour of B faces the person who sits third to left of P. R and T are immediate neighbours of each other. C sits second to the left of A. T does not face the immediate neighbour of D.

**Q58.**

Who amongst the following sit at extreme ends of the rows ?

- (a) S, D
- (b) Q, A
- (c) V, C
- (d) P, D
- (e) Q, F

**Q59.**

Who amongst the following faces S?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D

None of these

**Q60.**

How many persons are seated between V and R ?

- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) Four
- (e) None

**Q61.**

P is related to A in the same way as 3 is related to B based on the given arrangement. To which of the following is T related to, following the same pattern ?

- (a) C
- (b) D
- (c) E
- (d) F
- (e) Cannot be determined

**Q62.**

Which of the following is true regarding T ?

- (a) F faces T
- (b) V is an immediate neighbour of T
- (c) F faces the one who is second to right of T
- (d) T sits at one of the extreme ends of the line
- (e) Q sits second to the right of T

**Q63.**

**Directions: Read the following information to answer the given questions**

- (i) A, B, C, D, E and F are six family members.
- (ii) There is one Doctor, one Lawyer, one Engineer, two Students and one Housewife.
- (iii) There are two married couples in the family.
- (iv) F, who is a Doctor, is father of E.
- (v) A is a Student and her husband is not a Lawyer.
- (vi) B is grandmother of D and is a Housewife.
- (vii) C is father-in-law of A and is an Engineer.
- (viii) D is sister of E.

How is E related to B ?

- (a) Grand-daughter
- (b) Grand-son
- (c) Grand-daughter or Grandson
- (d) Son-in-law
- (e) None of these

**Q64.**

Which of the following is one of the pairs of married couples ?

- (a) FA
- (b) FB
- (c) CF
- (d) FD

(e)None of these

**Q65.**

Who is Doctor ?

- (a)D
- (b)E
- (c) A's husband
- (d)C's wife
- (e)None of these

**(QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE)**

**Q66.**

**Direction:** In the following number series, a **wrong number** is given. Find out that **wrong** number.

1 4 25 256 3125 46656 823543

- (a)4
- (b)823543
- (c)46656
- (d)25
- (e)256

**Q67.**

**Direction:** In the following number series, a **wrong number** is given. Find out that **wrong** number.

1 513 31 61125 253

- (a)1
- (b)5
- (c)31
- (d)61
- (e)125

**Q68.**

**Direction:** In the following number series, a **wrong number** is given. Find out that **wrong** number.

119 130 129 154 203 284 405

- (a)130
- (b)129
- (c)154
- (d)203'
- (e)405

**Q69.**

**Direction:** In the following number series, a **wrong number** is given. Find out that **wrong** number.

150 290 560 1120 2140 4230 8400

- (a)2140
- (b)560
- (c)1120
- (d)4230
- (e)290

**Q70.**

**Direction:** In the following number series, a **wrong number** is given. Find out that **wrong** number.

157.5 45 15 6 3 2 1

- (a)1
- (b)2
- (c)6
- (d)157.5
- (e)45

**Q71.**

**Directions :** In the following question **two equations numbered I and II** are given. You have to solve both the equations and give answer thereof.

I.  $4x^2 - 8x + 3 = 0$

II.  $2y^2 - 7y + 6 = 0$

- (a)  $x < y$
- (b)  $x \leq y$
- (c)  $x = y$
- (d)  $x \geq y$
- (e)  $x > y$

**Q72.**

**Directions :** In the following question **two equations numbered I and II** are given. You have to solve both the equations and give answer thereof.

I.  $x^2 + x - 6 = 0$

II.  $2y^2 - 13y + 21 = 0$

- (a)  $x < y$
- (b)  $x \leq y$
- (c)  $x = y$
- (d)  $x \geq y$
- (e)  $x > y$

**Q73.**

**Directions :** In the following question **two equations numbered I and II** are given. You have to solve both the equations and give answer thereof.

I.  $x^2 - x - 6 = 0$

II.  $2y^2 + 13y + 21 = 0$

- (a)  $x < y$
- (b)  $x \leq y$
- (c)  $x = y$
- (d)  $x \geq y$
- (e)  $x > y$

**Q74.**

**Directions :** In the following question **two equations numbered I and II** are given. You have to solve both the equations and give answer thereof.

I.  $x^2 = 4$

II.  $y^2 + 6y + 9 = 0$

- (a)  $x < y$
- (b)  $x \leq y$

- (c)  $x = y$
- (d)  $x \geq y$
- (e)  $x > y$

**Q75.**

**Directions :** In the following question **two equations numbered I and II** are given. You have to solve both the equations and give answer thereof.

I.  $2x + 3y = 4$

II.  $3x + 2y = 11$

- (a)  $x < y$
- (b)  $x \leq y$
- (c)  $x = y$
- (d)  $x \geq y$
- (e)  $x > y$

**Q76.**

The respective ratio between total number of students studying in College A and College B is 5 : In College B, out of the total number of students,  $\frac{5}{8}$  th are boys, out of which 60% study Commerce and the remaining 800 boys study in other streams. What is the total number of students In College A? ,

- (a)1500
- (b)2500
- (c)1200
- (d)4000
- (e)2000

**Q77.**

A sum of Rs. 221 is divided among X, Y and Z such that X gets Rs. 52 more than Y. Y gets % 26 more than Z. The ratio of the shares of X, Y and Z respectively is :

- (a) 9 : 5 : 3
- (b) 9 : 3 : 5
- (c) 5 : 9 : 3
- (d) 10 : 6 : 5
- (e) None of these

**Q78.**

A discount of 15% is given on the marked price of an article. The shopkeeper charges sales tax of 6% On the discounted price. If the selling price be Rs. 1081.20, what is the marked price of the article?.

- (a) Rs. 1185.20
- (b) Rs. 1250.20
- (c) Rs. 302
- (d) Rs. 1200
- (e) None of these

**Q79.**

Vishwas borrowed a total amount of Rs. 30,000 part of it on simple interest, rate of 12 p.c.p.a. and remaining on simple interest rate of 10 p.c.p.a. If at the end of 2 years

he paid in all Rs. 36,480 to settle the loan amount, what was the amount borrowed at 12 p.c.p.a.?

- (a)Rs. 16000
- (b)Rs. 18000
- (c)Rs. 17500
- (d)Rs. 12000
- (e)None of these

**Q80.**

A 260 metre long train crosses a 120 metre long wall in 19 seconds. What is the speed of the train?

- (a) 27 km/hr
- (b) 49 km/hr
- (c) 72 km/hr
- (d) 70 km/hr
- (e) None of these

**Q81.**

In how many different ways the letters of the word RECTITUDE can be arranged so that vowels come together ?

- (a)4302
- (b)7200
- (c)4320
- (d)4430
- (e) None of these

**Q82.**

The length of rectangular plot is thrice its breadth. If the area of the rectangular plot is 6075 sq. metres, what is its length ?

- (a)145 metres
- (b)130 metres
- (c)75 metres
- (d)45 metres
- (e)None of these

**Q83.**

What will be the cost of gardening 1 metre broad boundary around a rectangular plot having perimeter of 340 metres at the rate of Rs. 10 per square metre ?

- (a)Rs. 3,400/-
- (b)Rs. 1,700/-
- (c)Rs. 3,440/-
- (d)Cannot be determined
- (e)None of these

**Q84.**

If two marbles are picked at random, what is the probability that either both are red or both are green ?

- (a)  $\frac{3}{5}$
- (b)  $\frac{4}{105}$
- (c)  $\frac{2}{7}$
- (d)  $\frac{5}{91}$

(e) None of these

**Q85.**

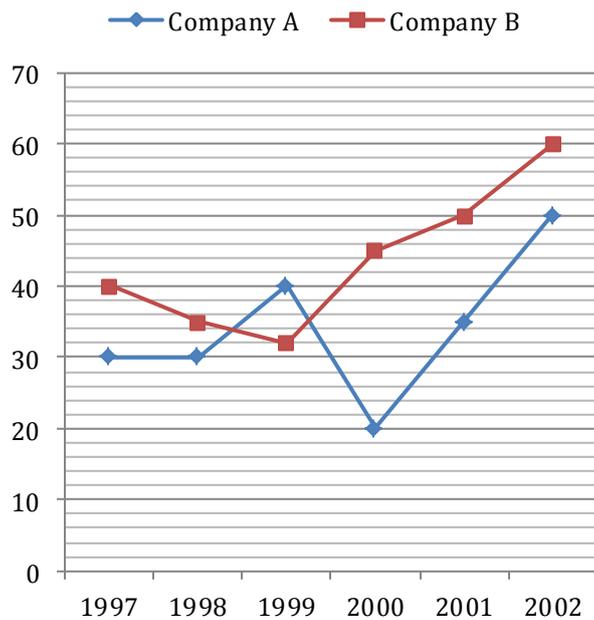
A vessel contains a mixture of milk and water in the respective ratio of 3:1. 32 litres of mixture was taken out and replaced with the same quantity of milk so that the resultant ratio between the quantities of milk and water in the mixture was 4:1 respectively. If 10 litres of mixture is again taken out from the vessel, what is the resultant quantity of water in the mixture? (in litres)

- (a) 24
- (b) 30
- (c) 20
- (d) 36
- (e) 32

**Directions:** Study the following information carefully to answer the given questions.

**Percent profit earned by two companies over the given years.**

$$\% \text{ Profit} = \frac{[(\text{Income} - \text{Expenditure}) \times 100]}{\text{Expenditure}}$$



**Q86.**

If the Expenditure of Company B in 2000 was Rs. 200 crores, what was its Income?

- (a) Rs. 240 crores
- (b) Rs. 220 crores
- (c) Rs. 160 crores
- (d) Cannot be determined
- (e) None of these

**Q87.**

If the Income of Company A in 2002 was 1600 crores, what was its Expenditure ?

- (a) Rs. 360 crores

- (b) Rs. 480 crores
- (c) Rs. 375 crores
- (d) Cannot be determined
- (e) None of these

**Q88.**

If the Income of Company B in 1998 was Rs 200 crores, what was its profit in 1999 ?

- (a) Rs. 21.5 crores
- (b) Rs. 153 crores
- (c) Rs. 46.15 crores
- (d) Cannot be determined
- (e) None of these

**Q89.**

If the Income of the two companies in 1998 were equal, what was the ratio of their Expenditure?

- (a) 1 : 2
- (b) 26:27
- (c) 100 : 67
- (d) Cannot be determined
- (e) None of these

**Q90.**

What is the percent increase in percent profit for Company B from year 2000 to 2001?

- (a) 75%
- (b) 175%
- (c) 42.86%
- (d) Cannot be determined
- (e) None of these

**Directions:** Study the following information carefully to answer the given questions.

**Number of workers working during six months in various factories (Number in hundreds)**

Months	Factories				
	A	B	C	D	E
January	65	41.2	72.4	63.5	83
February	78	30	61	60	74
March	42	65	71.6	76	70.3
April	51	72.8	83.5	21.8	66
May	60	68.2	61.6	80.2	56.9
June	63.5	52.5	73.2	57	44.7

**Q91.**

What is the difference in the total number of workers working in various months from factory A and the total number of workers working in various months from factory E ?

- (a) 3540
- (b) 3940
- (c) 3290
- (d) 4230
- (e) None of these

**Q92.**

The total number of workers from factory B is approximately what percent of the total number of workers from factory D ?

- (a) 56%
- (b) 65%
- (c) 76%
- (d) 84%
- (e) 92%

**Q93.**

What is the average number of workers working in various months from factory C ?

- (a) 70.55
- (b) 7055
- (c) 6780
- (d) 67.80
- (e) None of these

**Q94.**

What is the respective ratio of the total number of workers from factories B and C working in the month of March and the total number of workers working in the same month from factories A and D ?

- (a) 5 : 6
- (b) 238 : 345
- (c) 59 : 96
- (d) 683 : 590
- (e) none of these

**Q95.**

What is the total of the average of number of workers working in the month of January from all the factories and the average of number of workers working in the month of April from all the factories ?

- (a) 10098
- (b) 11290
- (c) 12404
- (d) 13516
- (e) None of these

**Q96.**

Directions: What should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions?

$$4\frac{7}{8} \times 2\frac{4}{13} = ?$$

- (a) 34/3
- (b) 144/13
- (c) 147/13
- (d) 91/3
- (e) none

**Q97.**

Directions: What should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions?

$$1\frac{8}{9} + 3\frac{2}{7} - 2\frac{1}{7} + 11\frac{1}{6} = ?$$

- (a) 1573/223
- (b) 3147/223
- (c) 1789/126
- (d) 893/126
- (e) none

**Q98.**

Directions: What should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions?

$$56\% \text{ of } 958 + 67\% \text{ of } 1008 = ? \% \text{ of } 2000$$

- (a) 60.592
- (b) 47.622
- (c) 42.86
- (d) 91.455
- (e) None of these

**Q99.**

Directions: What should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions?

$$7^{2.3} \times 4^{94.7} \times 6^{33.4} \times 81^{5.85} = 63^?$$

- (a) 16.25
- (b) 15.1
- (c) 13.4
- (d) 18.9
- (e) None of these

**Q100.**

Directions: What should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions?

$$(?)^2 + (164)^2 = (307)^2 - 272$$

- (a) 151
- (b) 189
- (c) 211
- (d) 259
- (e) None of these

**ANSWERS :**

1 a	2 c	3 e	4 c	5 b	6 b
7 d	8 e	9 d	10 b	11 a	12 c
13 c	14 a	15 d	16 e	17 e	18 c
19 e	20 b	21 d	22 c	23 b	24 c
25 a	26 d	27 e	28 b	29 b	30 e
31 a	32 d	33 c	34 c	35 c	36 e
37 c	38 c	39 b	40 a	41 b	42 d
43 d	44 c	45 d	46 b	47 e	48 c
49 a	50 b	51 d	52 d	53 a	54 d
55 c	56 b	57 e	58 c	59 a	60 d
61 b	62 c	63 b	64 a	65 d	66 d

67 b 68 e 69 e 70 e 71 b 72 c  
73 d 74 c 75 b 76 e 77 c 78 d  
79 a 80 c 81 d 82 e 83 b 84 d  
85 b 86 a 87 e 88 c 89 c 90 e  
91 d 92 c 93 d 94 a 95 a 96 b  
97 d 98 a 99 c 100 b



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